

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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8000 2K High Build Primer · Sealer – Grey 7001 2K High Build Primer · Sealer Activator

Section 1: Product Identification

Product Identification: 2K Turbo Urethane Primer and Activator

OSHA Hazard Class: Flammable Liquid

DOT Shipping Class: Paint Related Material UN1263

Hazardous Material Information: See Section 10

Section 2: Hazardous Ingredients

* Denotes 15-minutes / ** Denotes 10-minutes / (S) = Supplier / NE = Not Established

CAS #	INGREDIENT	VAPOR PRESSURE 20°C (MMHg)	SARA 313 REPORT	OSHA	ACGIH	STEL	CEILING
N/E	Acrylic Resin	N/E	No	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1330-20-7	Xylene (Note A)	25.00	Yes	100 ppm	100 ppm	150 ppm	200 ppm**
123-86-4	n Butyl Acetate	8.40	No	150 ppm	150 ppm	200 ppm*	----
64742-94-5	Aromatic Hydrocarbon Mixture	0.20	No	10 ppm	10 ppm	15 ppm	----
108-65-6	Methoxy Propyl Acetate	3.80	No	N/E	N/E	N/E	----
28182-81-2	Aliphatic Polyisocyanate Resin	Unknown	No	.5 mg/m ³ (s)	N/E	1.0 mg/m ³ *	----
67-64-1	Acetone	181.00	No	750 ppm	750 ppm	1000 ppm*	----
540-88-5	t Butyl Acetate	34	No	200 ppm	200 ppm	200 ppm	----
110-43-0	Methyl Amyl Ketone	2.10	No	100ppm	100 ppm	50 ppm	----
108-88-3	Toluene	36.00	Yes	100 ppm	50 ppm	150 ppm	200 ppm**
108-10-1	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	15	Yes	100 ppm	50 ppm	75 ppm	----
98-56-6	Parachlorobenzotrifluoride	5.3	No	N/A	N/A	25 ppm	----
78-93-3	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	70	Yes	200 ppm	200 ppm	300 ppm	----

Note A: Technical grade Xylene contains 18-20% Ethylbenzene (100-41-4), which has 100 ppm PEL, 100 ppm TLV, 125 ppm STEL, and is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Sara Title III.
See Section 10 for specific ingredients and SARA 313 reportable wt. % data.

Section 3: Physical Data

Boiling Range: 174°F – 344°F

Solubility in H₂O: Slightly Miscible – Miscible

Volatile (%) by Volume: 58.9 - 78.5%

Weight Per Gallon: 8.5 - 11.4 lbs/gallon

Evaporation Rate: Slower than Ether

Vapor Density: Heavier than Air

Volatile % by Weight: 36.5 - 76.0%

Section 4: Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point: See Section 10

Extinguishing Media:

Water Spray (for Containment), Foam, Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Full protective equipment, including self-contained breathing apparatus, is recommended. Water from fogging nozzles may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build up preventing rupturing. Do not use direct water stream on combustible or flammable liquid fires.

Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: When heated above the defined flash points, these solvents emit flammable vapors, which when mixed with air, can burn or be explosive when exposed to any ignition source. Fine mists or spray may be flammable at temperatures below the flash point.

Section 5: Health Hazards Data

General Effects:**If Ingested:**

Gastrointestinal distress. In the unlikely event of ingestion, call a physician immediately and have the names of the ingredients available.

If Inhaled:

May cause nose and throat irritation. Repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents may lead to permanent brain and nervous system damage. Eye watering, headaches, nausea, dizziness and loss of coordination are signs that solvent levels are too high. Exposure to isocyanates may cause respiratory sensitization. This effect may be permanent. This effect may be delayed for several hours after exposure. Repeated overexposure to isocyanates may cause a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Individuals with breathing problems or prior reaction to isocyanates must not be exposed to vapors or spray mist of this product. If affected by inhalation of vapor or spray mist, remove to fresh air. If breathing difficulty persists, or occurs later, consult a physician.

If Skin or Eye Contact:

May cause irritation or burning of the eyes. Repeated or prolonged liquid contact may cause skin irritation with discomfort and dermatitis. In case of eye contact, immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15-minutes; call a physician. In case of skin contact, wash with soap and water. If irritation occurs, contact a physician.

Specific Effects:

Ethyl Benzene: (Contributed from Xylene) Moderate toxicity by irritation to the skin, eyes, mucous membranes and by ingestion and inhalation routes. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has evaluated ethylbenzene and classified it as a possible human carcinogen (Group 2B) based on sufficient evidence for carcinogenicity in experimental animals, but inadequate evidence for cancer in exposed humans.

Xylene: High concentrations have caused embryo toxic effects in laboratory animals. Reoccurring overexposure may cause liver or kidney damage. Can be absorbed through the skin in harmful amounts.

nButyl Acetate: May cause abnormal liver function.

Methyl Amyl Ketone: Ingestion studies on laboratory animals showed that high oral doses caused increased liver and kidney weights.

t Butyl Acetate Very hazardous in case of eye contact (irritant). Hazardous in case of skin contact (irritant), ingestion, inhalation (lungirritant). Slightly hazardous in case of skin contact (permeator). Inflammation of the eye is characterized by redness, watering and itching.

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone: May cause moderate eye burning. Continuous re-over exposure may result in liver and kidney injury.

Aromatic Hydrocarbons, Solvent 100, VMP Naphthas, Lt. Aliphatic Naphtha & Mineral Spirits: Laboratory studies with rats have shown that petroleum distillates cause kidney damage and kidney or liver tumors. These effects were not seen in similar studies with guinea pigs, dogs or monkeys. Several studies evaluating petroleum workers have not shown a significant increase in kidney damage or an increase in liver tumors.

Acetone: can cause dermatitis.

Toluene: Continuous recurrent overexposure may cause liver or kidney damage. High airborne levels have produced irregular heartbeats in animals and occasional palpitations in humans. Rats exposed to very high airborne levels have exhibited high frequency hearing deficits. **Warning:** This chemical is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Parachlorobenzotrifluoride Prolonged or repeated breathing or swallowing of large amounts may cause liver and kidney damage based on animal studies. May produce symptoms of central nervous system depression including headache, dizziness, nausea, loss of balance and

Methoxy Propyl Acetate: May cause moderate eye burning. Continuous re-over exposures may result in liver and kidney injury.

Section 6: Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid): None reasonably foreseeable.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: CO, CO₂, Smoke

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Section 7: Spill or Leak Procedures

Steps to be taken in case material is released or spilled:

Ventilate area. Remove sources of ignition. Prevent skin contact and breathing of vapor. Wear a properly fitted vapor/particulate respirator (NIOSH/MSHA TC-23C). Confine and remove with inert absorbent.

Waste Disposal Method:

Do not allow material to contaminate ground water systems. Incinerate absorbed material in accordance with federal, state and local requirements. Do not incinerate in closed containers.

Section 8: Special Protection Information

Respiratory:

Do not breathe vapors or mists. Wear a positive pressure supplied air respirator (NIOSH/MSHA TC-19C) or equivalent while mixing activator with any paint or clear, during application and until all vapors and spray mists are exhausted. Individuals with a history of lung or breathing problems or prior reaction to isocyanates should not use or be exposed to this product. Do not permit anyone without protection in the painting area. Follow the respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use.

Ventilation:

Provide sufficient ventilation in volume and pattern to keep contaminants below applicable OSHA requirements.

Protective Clothing:

Neoprene gloves and coveralls are recommended.

Eye Protection:

Desirable in all industrial situations. Include splashguards or side shields.

Section 9: Special Precautions

Precautions to be taken in handling and storing:

Observe label precautions. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Close container after each use. Ground containers when pouring. Wash all exposed areas thoroughly after handling and before eating or smoking. Do not store above 120°F.

Other Precautions:

Do not sand, flame cut, braze or weld dry coating without a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator or appropriate ventilation.

Section 10: Other Information Product Specifications

For each product part number and chemical listed below, the chemicals that have weight percentages in parenthesis are subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Right-To-Know Act of 1986 and 40 CFR 372.

8000 2K High Build Primer - Sealer

Acrylic Resins, nButyl Acetate, tButyl Acetate, Xylene (8.8%), Methyl Isobutyl Ketone, Methoxy Propyl Acetate, Acetone and Methyl Isobutyl Ketone.

Gallon Weight: 11.6 lbs

Wt % Solids: 63.5

Vol. % Solids: 41.1

OSHA Storage: 1B

Flash Point: 23°F

Material VOC: 2.0 lbs/gallon

Coating VOC: 3.0 lbs/gallon

Solvent Density: 7.2 lbs/gallon

7001 2K High Build Primer - Sealer Activator

Aliphatic Polyisocyanate Resin, Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Monomer (0.4%), nButyl Acetate, tButyl Acetate, Methoxy Propyl Acetate, Methyl Ethyl Ketone and Xylene (4.3%).

Gallon Weight: 8.5 lbs

Wt % Solids: 26.5

Flash Point: 23°F

Material VOC: 2.1 lbs/gallon

Vol. % Solids: 21.8
OSHA Storage: 1B

Coating VOC: 3.1 lbs/gallon
Solvent Density: 8.2 lbs/gallon

Xylene: When present, it can be assumed 18-20% of the weight % reported is Ethylbenzene.

Flash Point: Determined by TCC, expressed in degrees Fahrenheit.

Coating VOC: $W_s - W_w - W_{ex} \div V_t - V_w - V_{ex}$ Represents VOC per EPA Method 24.

Material VOC: $W_s - W_w - W_{ex}$

Where: W_s = total solvent weight

V_{ex} = Volume of exempt solvent

W_w = weight of water

V_w = volume of water

W_{ex} = weight of exempt solvent

V_t = total volume

WARNING: KEEP THIS AND ALL PAINT RELATED PRODUCTS OUT OF THE REACH OF CHILDREN!

The information contained in this MSDS is based on data from sources considered to be reliable but Southern Polyurethanes, Inc. does not guarantee the accuracy or completeness thereof. Southern Polyurethanes, Inc. urges each customer or recipient of this MSDS to study it carefully to become aware of and understand the hazards associated with this product. The reader should consider consulting reference works or individuals who are experts in ventilation, toxicology or fire prevention as necessary or appropriate to use and understand the data in this MSDS

Note: The data on this MSDS relates only to individual components and does not represent the end mixed product.

Read all other component Material Safety Data Sheets.

Distributed by: Southern Polyurethanes, Inc. · Blairsville, GA 30512

END OF MSDS.